

24. Functional methods

generating functional $Z[J] = \int [dQ] e^{i[S[Q] + J \cdot Q]}$

$\nearrow$ external source
 $\uparrow$ quantum field

$$J \cdot Q = \int d^4x \sum_r J_r(x) Q_r(x) \quad \text{normalization } Z[0] = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle 0 | T \{ \hat{Q}_{r_1}(x_1) \dots \hat{Q}_{r_n}(x_n) \} | 0 \rangle &= \int [dQ] e^{iS[Q]} Q_{r_1}(x_1) \dots Q_{r_n}(x_n) \\ &= \left. \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta}{\delta J_{r_1}(x_1)} \dots \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta}{\delta J_{r_n}(x_n)} Z[J] \right|_{J=0} \end{aligned}$$

index notation $Q_r(x) \rightarrow Q_j \quad j \equiv (r, x)$

$$\int d^4x J_r(x) Q_r(x) \rightarrow J_j Q_j \equiv J \cdot Q = J^T Q$$

$$\int d^4x d^4y J_r(x) K_{rs}(x, y) J_s(y) \rightarrow J_j K_{jk} J_k \equiv J^T K J$$

example: free scalar field

$$Z_0[J] = \int [dQ] e^{i \int d^4x \left[-\frac{1}{2} Q(x) (\Box + m^2 - i\varepsilon) Q(x) + J(x) Q(x) \right]}$$

$$\rightarrow \int [dQ] e^{i \left[-\frac{1}{2} Q_j A_{jk} Q_k + J_k Q_k \right]}$$

$$A_{jk} = A_{kj}$$

$$\equiv \int [dQ] e^{i \left[-\frac{1}{2} Q^T A Q + J^T Q \right]}$$

$$A^T = A$$

$$A_{jk} \leftrightarrow (\Box + m^2 - i\varepsilon) \delta^{(4)}(x-y) = A(x, y)$$

standard procedure: change of variables

$$Q = Q' + R \quad (\text{shift}) \quad [dQ] = [dQ']$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} Q^T A Q + J^T Q = \\ & = -\frac{1}{2} Q'^T A Q' \sim (Q')^2 \\ & \quad -\frac{1}{2} R^T A Q' - \frac{1}{2} Q'^T A R + J^T Q' \sim Q' \\ & \quad -\frac{1}{2} R^T A R + J^T R \sim (Q')^0 \\ & = -\frac{1}{2} Q'^T A Q' - Q'^T (AR - J) - \frac{1}{2} R^T A R + J^T R \end{aligned}$$

so far, R was arbitrary

now: choose R such that $AR - J = 0 \Rightarrow R = A^{-1}J$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} R^T A R + J^T R &= -\frac{1}{2} J^T A^{-1} A A^{-1} J + J^T A^{-1} J \\ &= \frac{1}{2} J^T A^{-1} J \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_0[J] = e^{\frac{i}{2} J^T A^{-1} J} \underbrace{\int [dQ'] e^{-\frac{i}{2} Q'^T A Q'}}_{Z_0[0] = 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_0[J] = e^{\frac{i}{2} J^T \Delta J}, \quad \Delta = A^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{translation: } A^{-1}(x, y) &= \frac{1}{\square + m^2 - i\varepsilon} \delta^{(4)}(x-y) = \\ &= \frac{1}{\square + m^2 - i\varepsilon} \int \frac{d^4 R}{(2\pi)^4} e^{-iR(x-y)} = \int \frac{d^4 R}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{e^{-iR(x-y)}}{m^2 - i\varepsilon - R^2} = \Delta(x-y) \end{aligned}$$

(24/4)

$$\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} = \frac{1}{Z[J]^2} \frac{\delta^2 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} - \frac{1}{Z[J]^2} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_1} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} \right|_{J=0} = \left. \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} \right|_{J=0} - \left. \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{\delta J_1} \right|_{J=0} \left. \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{\delta J_2} \right|_{J=0}$$



one more derivative:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3} &= \frac{1}{Z[J]^3} \frac{\delta^3 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3} - \frac{1}{Z[J]^2} \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_3} \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{Z[J]^2} \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_3} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_2} \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{Z[J]^2} \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{\delta J_1} \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 Z[J]}{\delta J_2 \delta J_3} \\ &\quad + 2 \frac{1}{Z[J]^3} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_1} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_2} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_3} \end{aligned}$$

express $\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 Z}{\delta J \delta J}$ in terms of $\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW}{\delta J \delta J}$ and $\frac{\delta iW}{i \delta J}$:

$$\frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3} = \frac{1}{Z[J]} \frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3}$$

$$- \frac{1}{Z[J]} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_3} \left(\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} + \frac{1}{Z[J]^2} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_1} \frac{\delta Z[J]}{i \delta J_2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{Z[J]} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_2} \left(\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{Z[J]} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_1} \left(\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_2 \delta J_3} \right)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{1}{Z[J]^3} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_1} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_2} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3} = \frac{1}{Z[J]} \frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3}$$

$$- \frac{1}{Z[J]} \left[\frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_3} + \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_2 \delta J_3} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_1} + \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_3 \delta J_1} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_2} \right]$$

$$- \frac{1}{Z[J]^3} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_1} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_2} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{i \delta J_3}$$

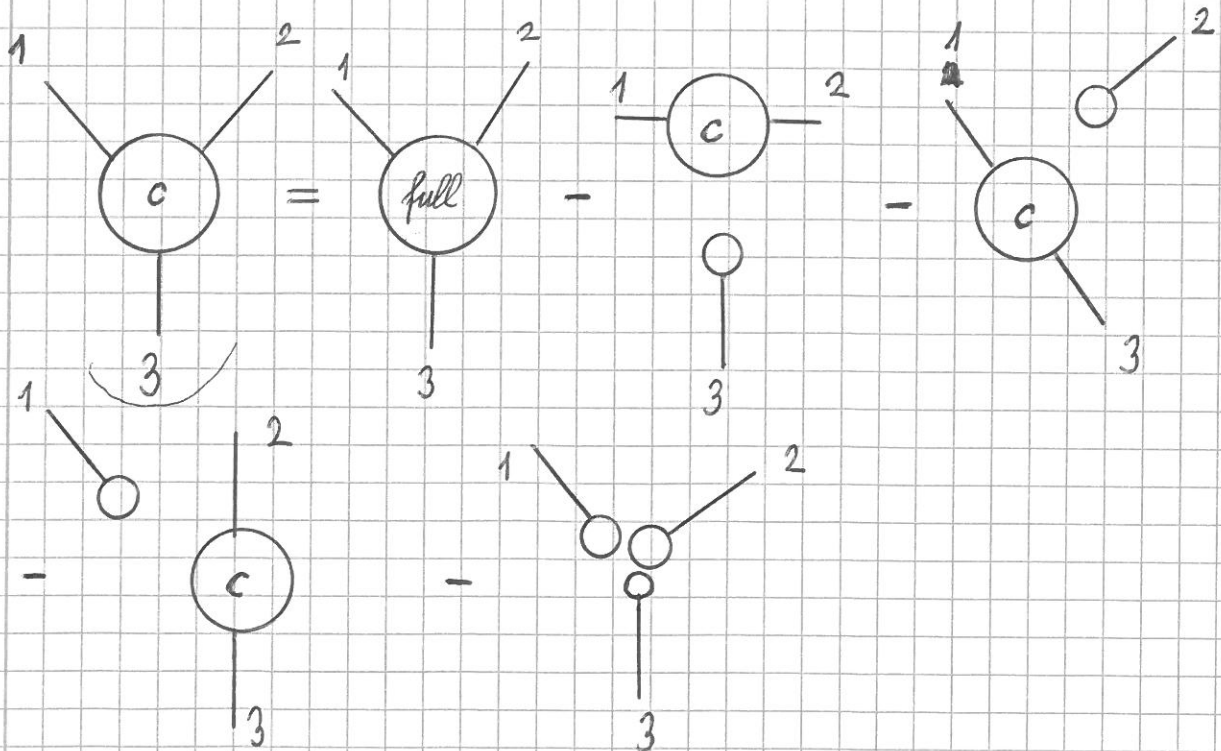
$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3} \Big|_{J=0} = \frac{1}{i^3} \frac{\delta^3 Z[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2 \delta J_3} \Big|_{J=0}$$

$$- \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_2} \Big|_{J=0} \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_3} \Big|_{J=0}$$

$$- \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_2 \delta J_3} \Big|_{J=0} \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_1} \Big|_{J=0}$$

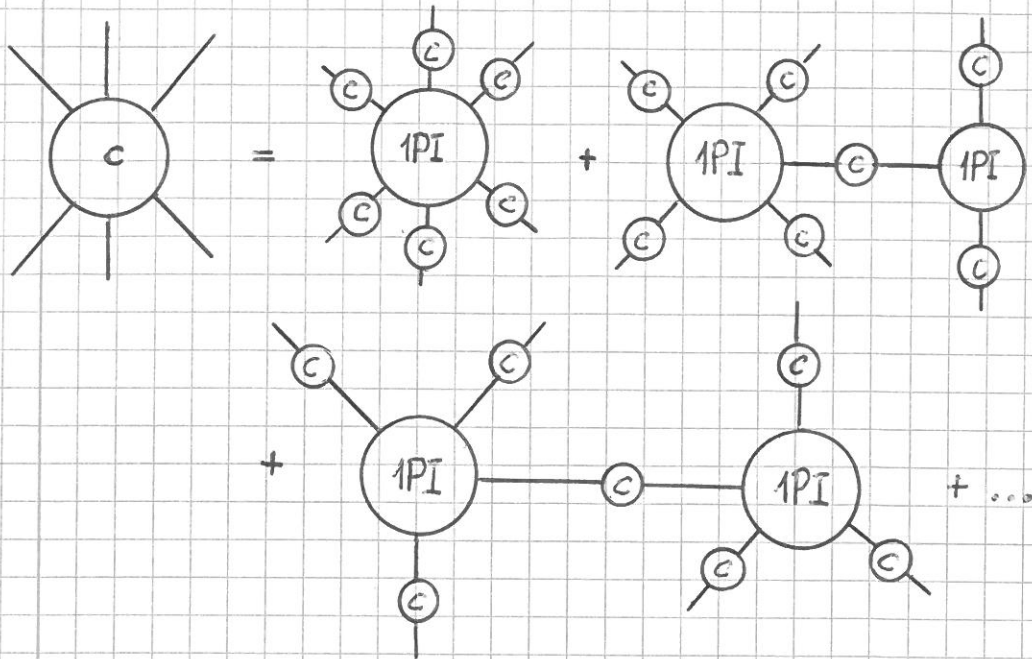
$$- \frac{1}{i^2} \frac{\delta^2 iW[J]}{\delta J_1 \delta J_3} \Big|_{J=0} \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_2} \Big|_{J=0}$$

$$- \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_1} \Big|_{J_1=0} \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_2} \Big|_{J_2=0} \frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta iW[J]}{\delta J_3} \Big|_{J=0}$$



e/c. ...

further simplification: express connected Green functions in terms of one-particle-irreducible (1PI) pieces



generating functional of 1PI Green functions: effective action

$$\Gamma[\bar{Q}] = W[J] - J \cdot \bar{Q}$$

$$\bar{Q}_i = \frac{\delta W}{\delta J_i} \Rightarrow \frac{\delta \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_i} \delta \bar{Q}_i = \frac{\delta W}{\delta J_i} \delta J_i - \bar{Q}_i \delta J_i - J_i \delta \bar{Q}_i$$

(functional)
Legendre transform

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\delta \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_i} = -J_i \quad \text{"field equation"}$$

classical field equation $\frac{\delta S}{\delta Q_R} = -J_R$ $S \rightarrow \Gamma$ $Q_R \rightarrow \bar{Q}_R \rightarrow \frac{\delta \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_R} = -J_R$

$$\frac{\delta \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_R} = -J_R \rightarrow \frac{\delta^2 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_R \delta \bar{Q}_P} = -\frac{\delta J_R}{\delta \bar{Q}_P}$$

$$\bar{Q}_R = \frac{\delta W}{\delta J_R}$$

$$\delta_{RL} = \frac{\delta \bar{Q}_R}{\delta Q_L} = \frac{\delta}{\delta Q_L} \frac{\delta W}{\delta J_R} = \frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta J_S \delta J_R} \frac{\delta J_S}{\delta Q_L}$$

$$= - \frac{\delta^2 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_L}$$

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$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta J_R \delta J_S}}_{=: D_{RS}} \frac{\delta^2 (-\Gamma)}{\delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_L} = \delta_{RL}$$

($D_{RS} \rightarrow \Delta_{RS}$ for free field)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\delta^2 (-\Gamma)}{\delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_L} = (D^{-1})_{SL}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{\delta^2 i W}{i^2 \delta J_R \delta J_S}}_{\frac{1}{i} D_{RS}} \frac{\delta^2 (-i \Gamma)}{\delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_L} = \delta_{RL}$$

$\frac{1}{i} D_{RS}$ = connected two-point
function in the presence of
external source J

$$\frac{1}{i} D \frac{\delta^2 (-i \Gamma)}{\delta \bar{Q}^2} \frac{1}{i} D = \frac{1}{i} D$$



$$\frac{\delta}{\delta \bar{Q}_R} = \frac{\delta J_e}{\delta \bar{Q}_R} \frac{\delta}{\delta J_e} = - \underbrace{\frac{\delta^2 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_R \delta \bar{Q}_e}}_{(D^{-1})_{Re}} \frac{\delta}{\delta J_e}$$

$$= \underbrace{i(D^{-1})_{Re}}_{\substack{\text{removes (full) propagator from this line}}} \underbrace{\frac{1}{i} \frac{\delta}{\delta J_e}}_{\substack{\text{"creates" external line}}}$$

example: start from

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta \bar{Q}_m} \left| \frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta J_R \delta J_S} \frac{\delta^2 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_e} \right. = - \delta_{Re}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta J_R \delta J_S}}_{D_{RS}} \underbrace{\frac{\delta^3 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_m \delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_e}}_{D_{RS}} + \left(\frac{\delta}{\delta \bar{Q}_m} \underbrace{\frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta J_R \delta J_S}}_{D_{RS}} \right) \underbrace{\frac{\delta^2 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_e}}_{-D_{Sl}^{-1}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow D_{RS} \frac{\delta^3 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_m \delta \bar{Q}_S \delta \bar{Q}_e} = (D^{-1})_{mr} \frac{\delta^3 W}{\delta J_r \delta J_k \delta J_S} (D^{-1})_{sl}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\delta^3 W}{\delta J_R \delta J_r \delta J_S} = D_{RR'} D_{rr'} D_{SS'} \frac{\delta^3 \Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}_{R'} \delta \bar{Q}_{r'} \delta \bar{Q}_{S'}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\delta^3 iW}{i^3 \delta J^3} = \left(\frac{1}{i} D \right)^3 \frac{\delta^3 i\Gamma}{\delta \bar{Q}^3}$$



