

Exercises for T2, Summer term 2017, Sheet 8

1) Spatial translation

The operator T_a acts on a wave function $\psi(x)$ (in one spatial dimension) as

$$(T_a\psi)(x) = \tilde{\psi}_a(x) = \psi(x - a), \quad a \in \mathbb{R}. \quad (1)$$

Show that T_a has the explicit form $T_a = \exp(-a \frac{d}{dx})$. Also write this expression as a function of the momentum operator P and formulate Eq. (1) in abstract form for Ket states.

2) Particle scattering on the potential barrier I

Let there be a one-dimensional system of a particle with mass m in the potential $V(x) = V_0\Theta(x)\Theta(a - x)$. Take now the eigenfunctions $\phi_k(x)$ of the eigenvalue $E(k) = \hbar^2 k^2 / 2m > V_0$ that correspond to a particle entering from the left, which have been discussed in the lecture (english lecture notes, chapter 3.4).

- Determine the amplitudes A , B and T by using continuity of the wave function at the points $x = 0$ and $x = a$.
- Determine the probability current in the three regions $x < 0$, $0 < x < a$ and $x > a$ as a function of A , B and T . Interpret the individual contributions.
- Show that conservation of particle number is valid in all regions.

3) Particle scattering on the potential barrier II

Work through exercise (2) for the case $E(k) = \hbar^2 k^2 / 2m < V_0$.

4) Distributions

Calculate the first and second derivative of the following functions in the distributional sense ($\theta(x)$ is the Heaviside step function).

- $\theta(x)$
- $\theta(-x)$
- $|x| = -x\theta(-x) + x\theta(x)$
- $e^{-a|x|} = e^{ax}\theta(-x) + e^{-ax}\theta(x)$, $a > 0$.

5) Particle in the delta-potential

Let the wave function of a particle with one degree of freedom be given by

$$\psi(x) = \mathcal{N} \exp(-a|x|), \quad a > 0.$$

(a) Convince yourself with the help of results from exercise (4) that the wave function $\psi(x)$ is, for a suitable choice of the parameter a , an energy eigenfunction of the Hamilton operator

$$H = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} - \lambda \delta(x), \quad (\lambda > 0)$$

What is the necessary choice for a and what is the result for the energy eigenvalue E ?

(b) Determine the probability current for $|x| > 0$ and argue that the wave function has to be interpreted as a bound state. What is the interpretation of the corresponding energy eigenvalue?

(c) Argue why there cannot be any further bound states.