

# Probing interacting dark sectors with cosmology

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Seminar on particle physics, University of Vienna, 21.01.25

# Dark Matter

- ▶ Galactic (rotation curves) [kpc]

*Freeman, Rubin, Ford, ... 1970s*

*e.g. Genzel et al Nature 543 (2017) 397*

- ▶ Galaxy clusters [Mpc]

*Fritz Zwicky 1933*

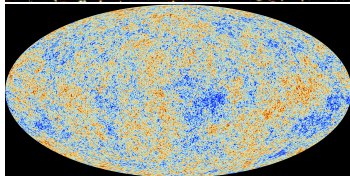
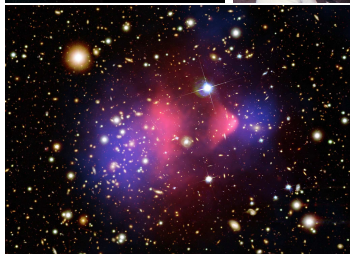
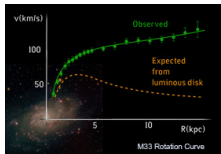
*Bullet Cluster, Clowe et al AJ 648 (2006) L109*

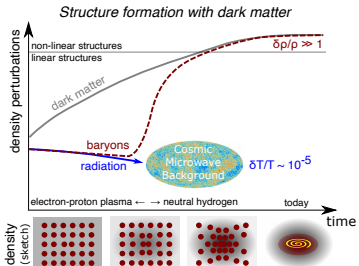
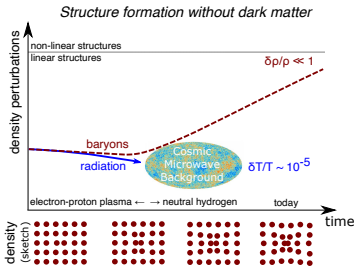
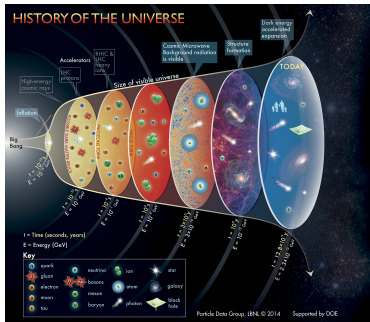
- ▶ Cosmic microwave background (CMB)/large-scale structure (LSS) [100 Mpc – Gpc]

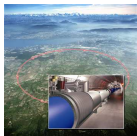
$$\begin{aligned}\Omega_{DM} h^2 &= \frac{\rho_{DM}}{10.50 \text{ GeV}/\text{m}^3} \\ &= 0.120 \pm 0.001\end{aligned}$$

*Planck Mission (ESA) 1807.06209*

*SDSS/BOSS 1909.11006, DESI 2404.03002 2411.12022*



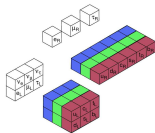
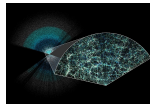




Particle  
HEP/lab



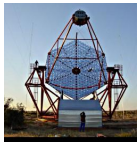
Cosmo  
CMB/LSS



⋮

⋮

+ ?



Astroparticle

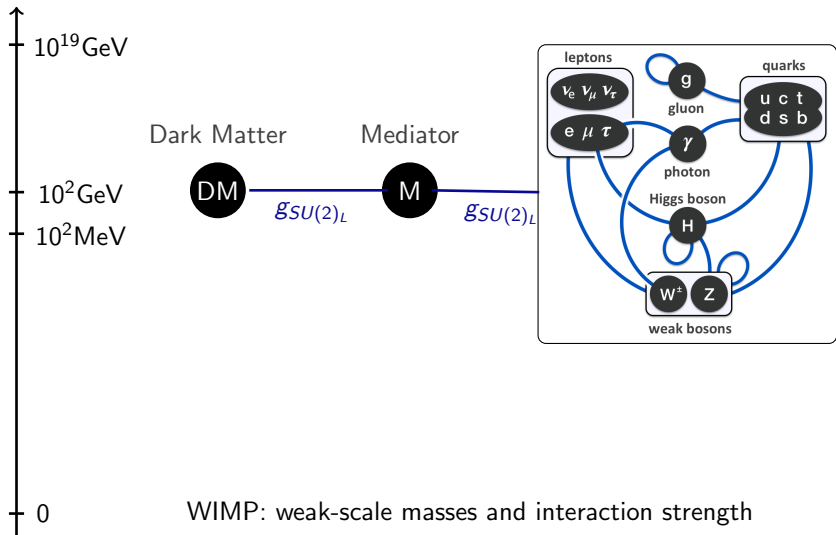


Astro  
"small-scale"

DM-SM connection  
Production mechanism?

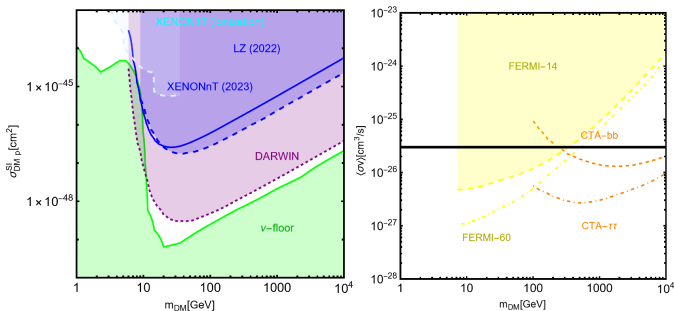
Dark Sector  
Is DM cold and collisionless?

# What is the Dark Sector?

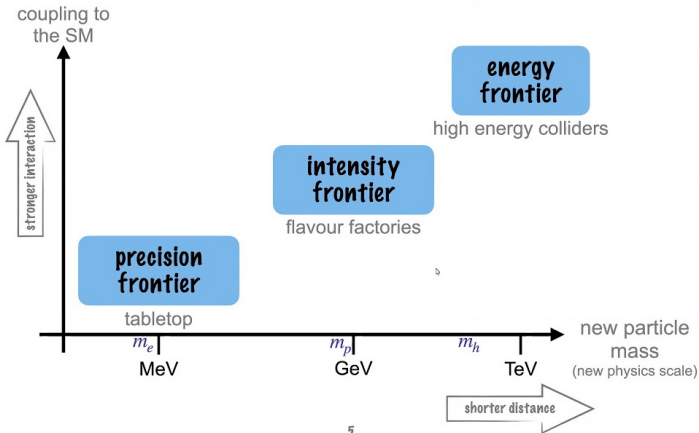


# The Waning of the WIMP: Endgame?

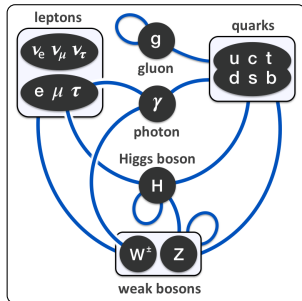
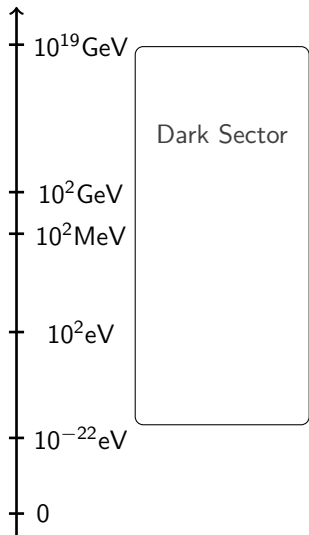
Giorgio Arcadi<sup>a,1,2</sup>, David Cabo-Almeida<sup>b,1,2,3</sup>, Maíra Dutra<sup>c,4,5</sup>, Pradipta Ghosh<sup>d,6</sup>,  
Manfred Lindner<sup>e,7</sup>, Yann Mambrini<sup>f,8</sup>, Jacinto P. Neto<sup>g,1,9,10</sup>, Mathias Pierre<sup>h,11</sup>,  
Stefano Profumo<sup>i,12,13</sup>, Farinaldo S. Queiroz<sup>j,9,10,14</sup>



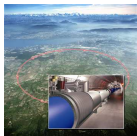
# the quest for new physics



# New Physics in the Dark Sector?



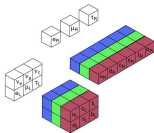
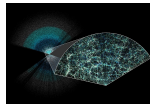




Particle  
HEP/lab



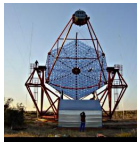
Cosmo  
CMB/LSS



⋮

⋮

+ ?



Astroparticle



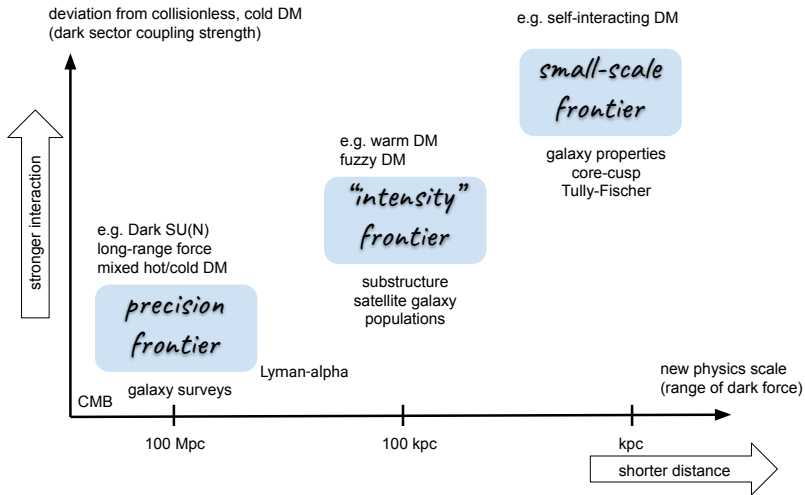
Astro  
"small-scale"

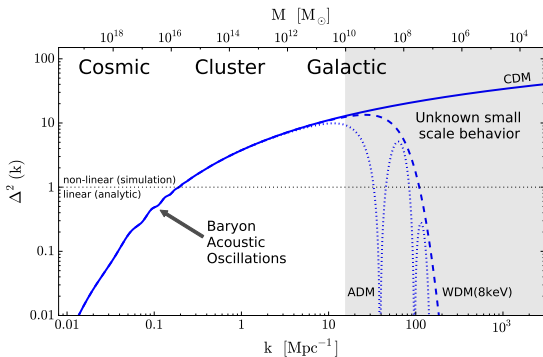


DM-SM connection  
Production mechanism?

Dark Sector  
Is DM cold and collisionless?

# the quest for new physics



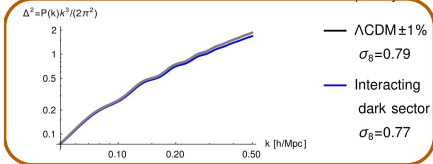
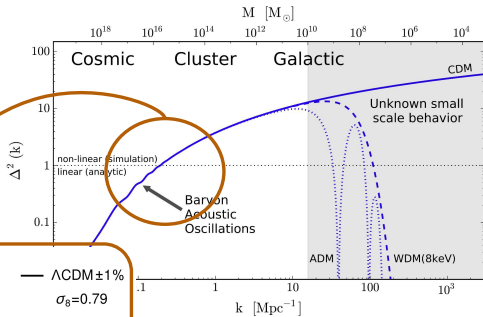


*Kuhlen, Vogelsberger, Angulo 1209.5745*

$$\delta(\mathbf{x}, z) = \rho(\mathbf{x}, z) / \bar{\rho}(z) - 1$$

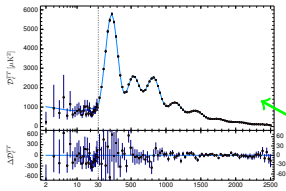
$$\langle \delta(\mathbf{k}, z) \delta(\mathbf{k}', z) \rangle = \delta_D(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{k}') P(k, z)$$

$$\Delta^2(k, z) = 4\pi k^3 P(k, z)$$



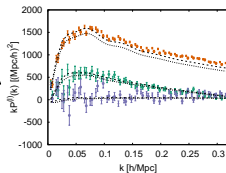
# Large-scale structure

CMB ( $z \sim 10^3$ )

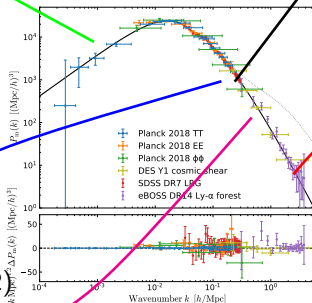


Planck 2007.04997, ACT 2007.07288,...

Galaxy surveys ( $z \lesssim 2$ )

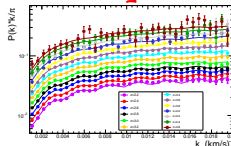


BOSS DR16 2007.08994  
DESI 2404.03002, 2411.12022



1905.08103

Ly $\alpha$  forest ( $z \sim 2 - 4$ )



BOSS Ly $\alpha$  1812.03554  
DESI early Ly $\alpha$  2405.03447

Galaxy cluster counts ( $z \lesssim 2$ )

Planck/SPT/ACT/DES SZ 2009.11043,2401.02075

Weak lensing ( $z \lesssim 2$ )

DES 2107.04646

KiDS-1000 2007.15632

KiDS+DES 2305.17173

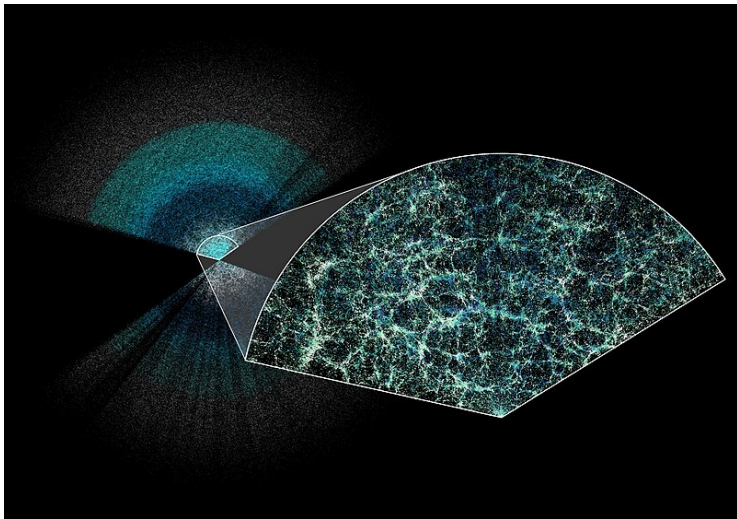
# Large-scale structure



*Euclid satellite (ESA, launched 2023)*

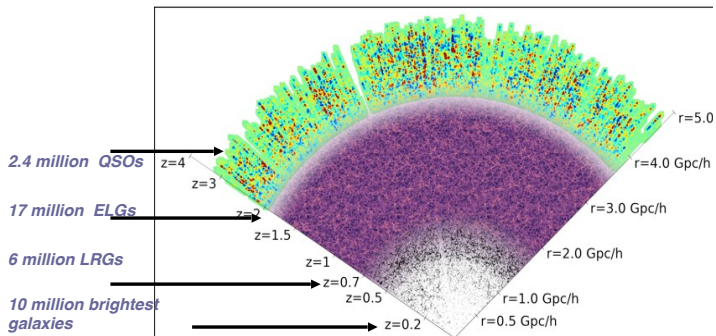
*DESIR Arizona (yr1 results 2024)*

# Large-scale structure



*DESI one-year data 2404.03002*

# Large-scale structure

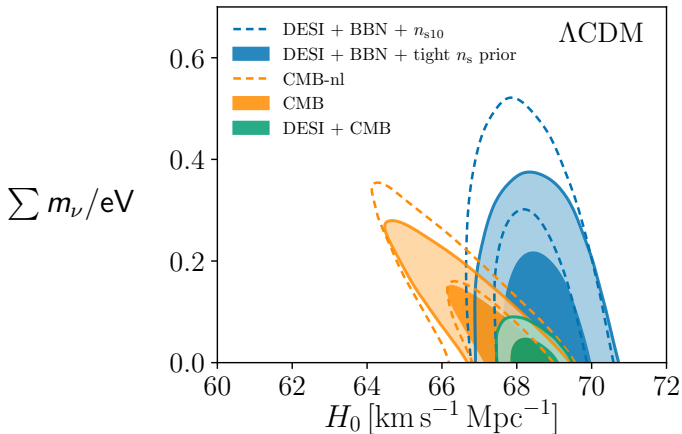


DESI, from O. Lahav



DESI 2024 VII: Cosmological  
Constraints from the Full-Shape  
Modeling of Clustering Measurements

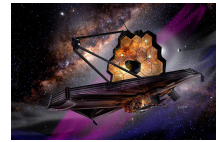
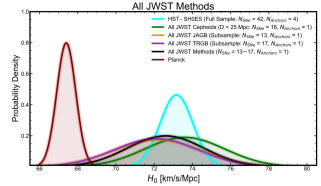
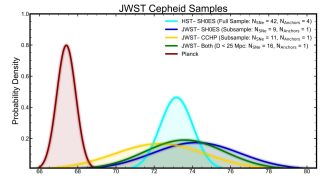
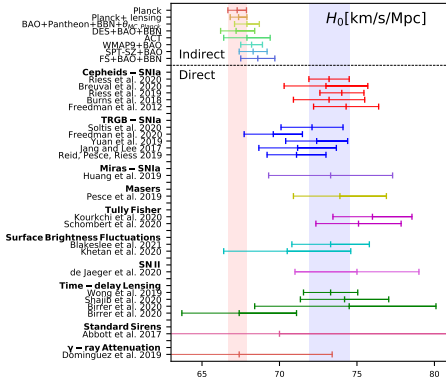
arXiv:2411.12022



$$\sum m_\nu < 0.409 \text{ eV} \quad (95\%, \text{DESI (FS+BAO)+BBN}+n_{s10}).$$

$$\sum m_\nu < 0.071 \text{ eV} \quad (95\%, \text{DESI (FS+BAO)+CMB}).$$

# $H_0$ ?



# Systematics or Beyond- $\Lambda$ CDM Physics?

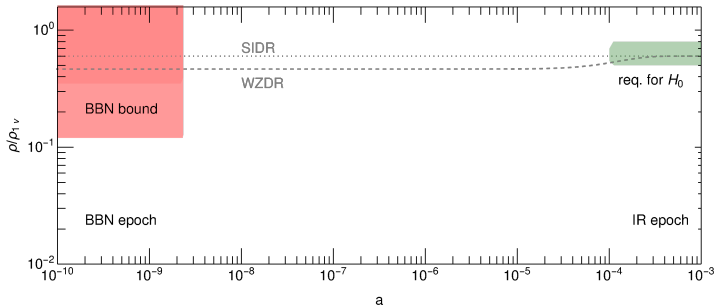
- ▶ Indirect measurements set by the ratio of the sound horizon at recombination, and the angular diameter distance

$$r_s(z_{rec}) = \int_{z_{rec}}^{\infty} dz' \frac{c_s(z')}{H(z')} \propto 1/\sqrt{\rho_{total}(z \sim z_{rec})},$$
$$d_A(z_{obs}) = \int_0^{z_{obs}} dz' \frac{1}{H(z')} \propto 1/H_0$$

- ▶ Increasing the inferred value of  $H_0$  from CMB and galaxy surveys (BAO) requires to lower the sound horizon, e.g. via additional (dark sector) energy around recombination

[.. and changing  $\omega_m$ , ..., see e.g. Poulin et al 2407.18292]

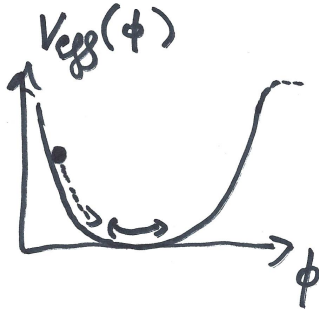
# Extra (self-interacting) dark radiation?



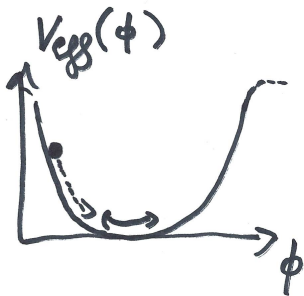
*e.g. Schmaltz, Weiner, Joseph, Aloni, Allali*

*Rompineve, Hertzberg, Poulin, Simon, Schöneberg ...*

# Extra (early) dark energy?

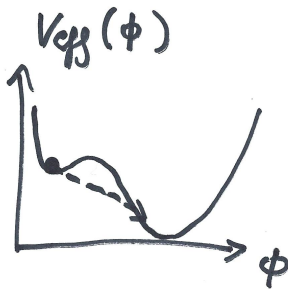


*Poulin, Smith, Karwal, Kamionkowski 18,...*



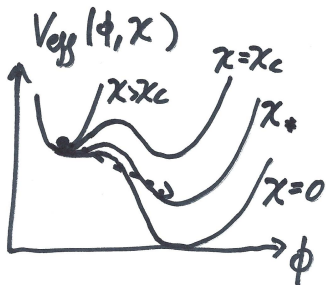
EDE

*Poulin, Smith, Karwal, Kamionkowski 18*

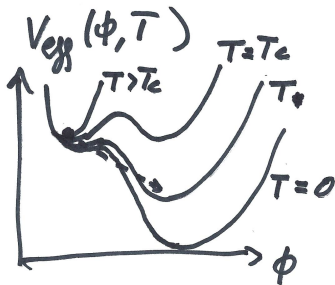


NEDE

*Niedermann, Sloth 19*

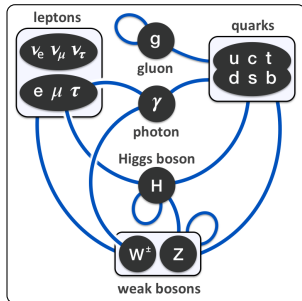
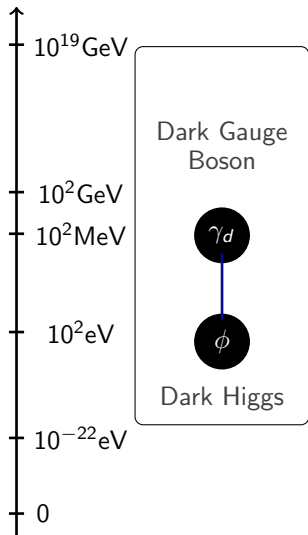


cold NEDE



hot NEDE  
(this talk)

# New Physics in the Dark Sector?





## Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism

Example: weakly coupled non-Abelian gauge symmetry with dark Higgs

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + (D_\mu \phi)^\dagger D^\mu \phi - \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \frac{\lambda}{4} (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 - \frac{1}{4} F_a^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}^a$$

- ▶ Dark gauge bosons  $A_a^\mu =$  dark radiation DR
- ▶ Dark Higgs  $\phi = (\phi_1, \dots, \phi_N)^T$  leads to spont. symmetry breaking

$$\boxed{SU(N) \rightarrow SU(N-1)}$$

Parameters:  $\alpha_d \equiv \frac{g_d^2}{4\pi}$ ,  $\mu^2$ ,  $\lambda$ ,  $\xi \equiv \frac{T_{DR}}{T_{SM}}$

Assume Debye length  $\sim 1/(g_d T_{DR}) \ll$  confinement length scale  $1/\Lambda_c \propto e^{-1/g^2}$

(similar to quark-gluon plasma phase in QCD at high-T)

## Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism

Coleman-Weinberg mechanism for classically scale-inv. theory with VEV  $\langle \phi \rangle = (0, \dots, 0, v)^T$  generated by dimensional transmutation

$$\lambda(\mu_{\overline{MS}} = v) = \mathcal{O}(g_d^4)$$

Light Higgs compared to dark gauge bosons that acquire mass  $m_A \sim g_d v$

$$\frac{m_\phi}{m_A} \sim \mathcal{O}(g_d)$$

## Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism

Can allow for soft breaking of class. scale inv. by mass term in Higgs potential as long as

$$\gamma \equiv \frac{|\mu^2|}{g_d^4 v^2} \ll 1$$

$\Rightarrow$  Parameters:  $\alpha_d \equiv \frac{g_d^2}{4\pi}$ ,  $v^2$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\xi \equiv \frac{T_{DR}}{T_{SM}}$

## Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism

Symm. breaking via supercooled phase transition at  $z = z_*$

$$\Delta V = V_{CW}(0) - V_{CW}(v) \sim g_d^4 v^4 \gg T_{DR}(z_*)^4$$

*Witten 1981*

Transition temperature\* (unless for exp. small  $\gamma$ )

$$T_{DR}(z_*) \sim \sqrt{\gamma} g_d v$$

(\*) small negative  $\mu^2$ -term; barrier in eff. pot. vanishes at  $z_*$

# Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism = hot NEDE

$z > z_*$  Vacuum energy  $\Delta V =$  “early dark energy”

$z < z_*$  Thermalization heats dark sector (DR = remaining massless  $SU(N-1)$  gauge bosons and light Higgs)

$\Rightarrow$  increase of  $\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \propto \Delta V$  at  $z = z_*$

$z < z_t$  Mass threshold of light Higgs leads to further (small) increase at

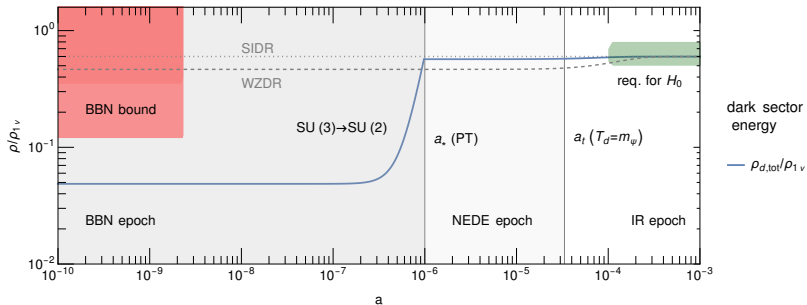
$$z_t \sim z_* \frac{m_\phi}{m_A} \sim g_d z_*$$

*analogous to step model, see Schmaltz, Weiner, Joseph, Aloni, Allali*

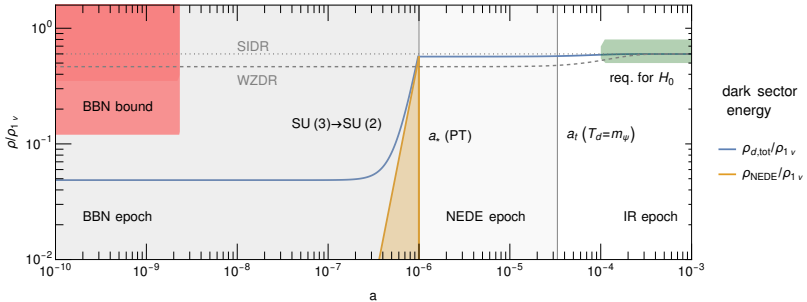
*Rompineve, Hertzberg, Poulin, Simon, Schöneberg ...*

In summary: two “steps” in  $\Delta N_{\text{eff}}$  at  $z_*$  and  $z_t \sim g_d z_*$

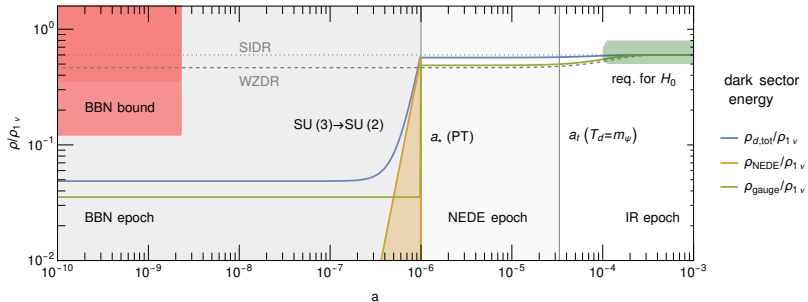
# Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism = hot NEDE



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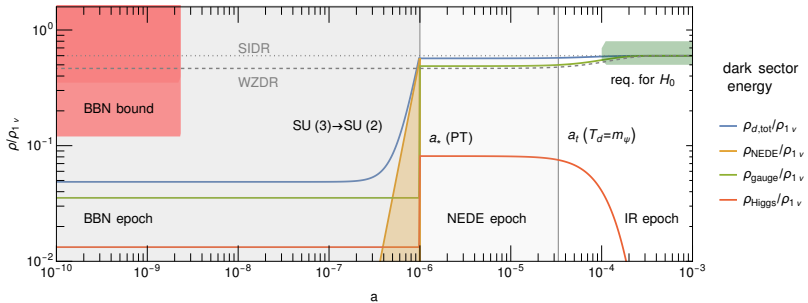


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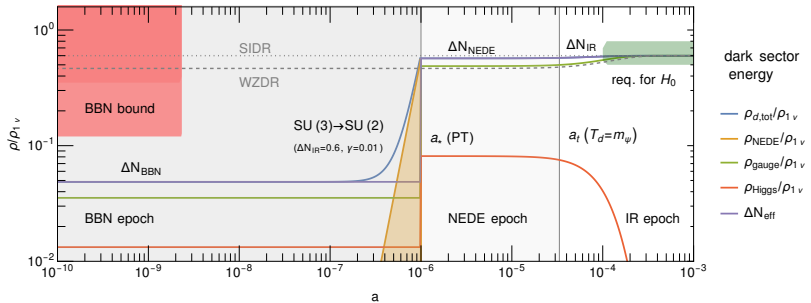




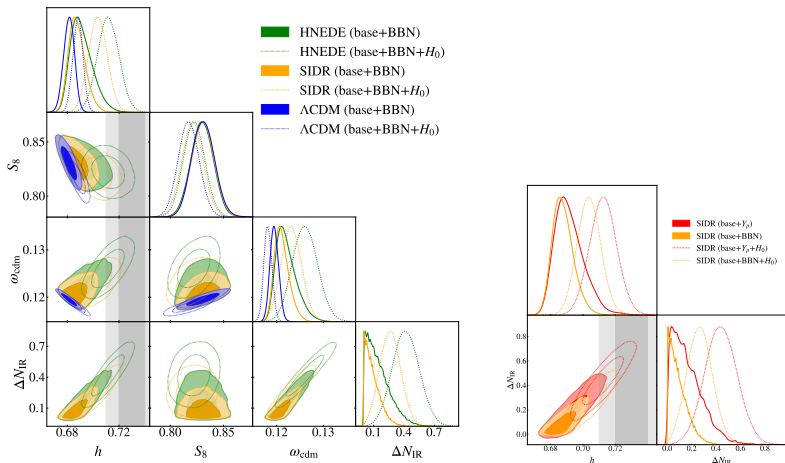
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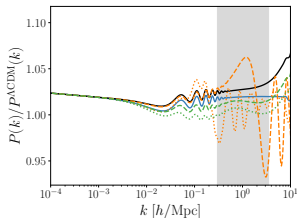
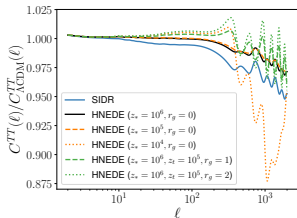
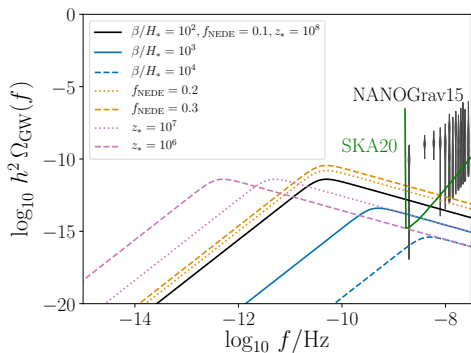


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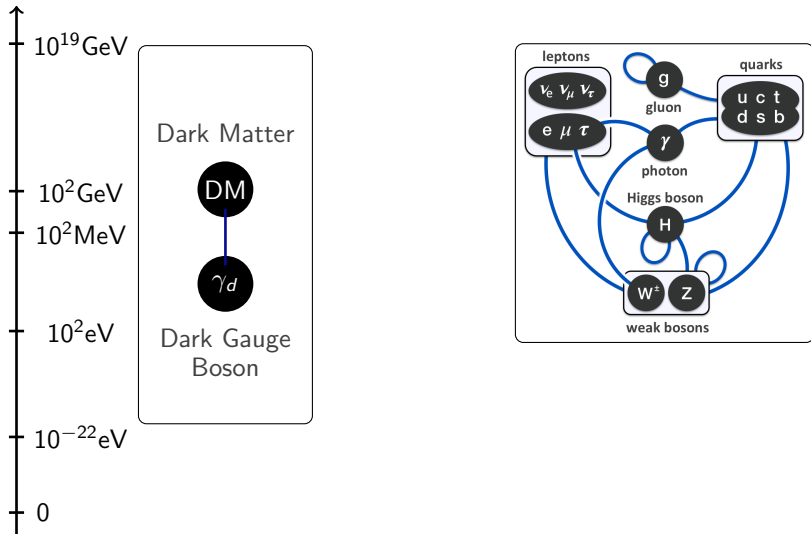


	Base + BBN					+ $H_0$					$\sqrt{Q_{\text{DMAP}}^{H_0}}$
	$H_0$	$\Delta N_{\text{IR}}$	$\chi^2$	$\Delta\chi^2$	$\Delta\text{AIC}$	$H_0$	$\Delta N_{\text{IR}}$	$\chi^2$	$\Delta\chi^2$	$\Delta\text{AIC}$	
$\Lambda\text{CDM}$	$68.13 \pm 0.42$	-	3810.5	-	-	$68.81 \pm 0.39$	-	3829.7	-	-	$4.3\sigma$
SIDR	$68.77^{+0.52}_{-0.73}$	$0.094^{+0.024}_{-0.093}$	$3810.5^a$	0.0	2.0	$70.37 \pm 0.72$	$0.27 \pm 0.10$	3825.7	-4.0	-2.0	$3.9\sigma$
Hot NEDE	$69.13^{+0.62}_{-1.0}$	$0.151^{+0.041}_{-0.15}$	3810.4	-0.1	1.9	$71.17 \pm 0.83$	$0.42 \pm 0.13$	3818.3	-11.4	-9.4	$2.8\sigma$

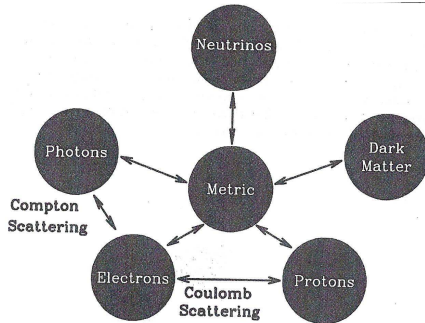
# Dark $SU(N)$ + Higgs mechanism = hot NEDE



# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM



# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM



*image: Dodelson, Modern Cosmology*

# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM

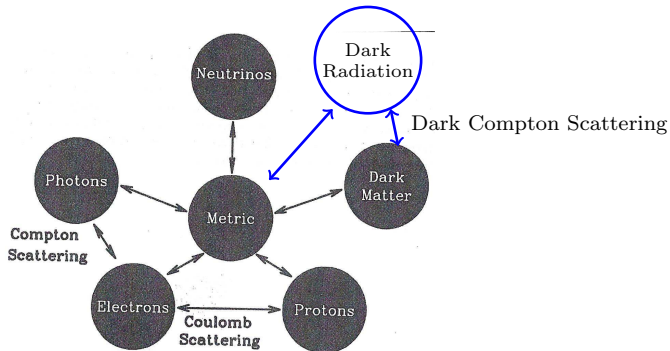
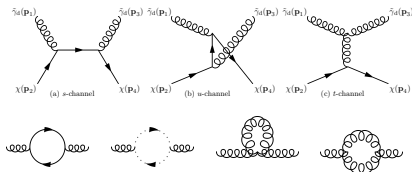


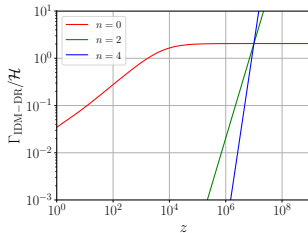
image: Dodelson, Modern Cosmology

# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM



$$\Gamma_{\text{IDM-DR}} = -a \frac{\pi}{18} \frac{\alpha_d^2}{m_\chi} \eta_{\text{DR}} \left\{ T_{\text{DR}}^2 \left[ \ln \alpha_d^{-1} + c_0 + c_1 g_d + \mathcal{O}(g_d^2) \right] + \mathcal{O} \left( \frac{T_{\text{DR}}^4}{m_\chi^2} \right) \right\},$$

$$c_0 = 1 + \ln \left( \frac{6}{2N + N_f} \right) + \ln(4\pi) - 24 \ln(A), \quad \text{and} \quad c_1 = \frac{3\sqrt{2N + N_f}}{4\pi} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}},$$



$\Rightarrow$  suppression of  $P(k)$  over wide range of scales (ETHOS  $n = 0$ )

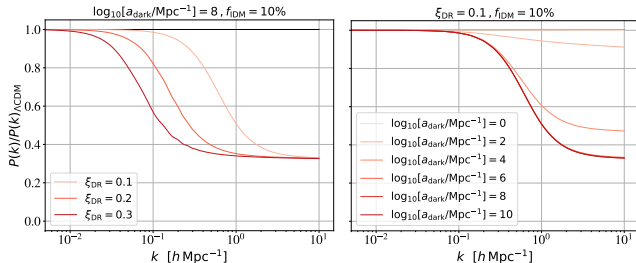
(note: different for Abelian (dark photon) or contact interaction)

Moore, Teaney hep-ph/0412346; Buen-Abad, Lesgourgues, Marquez-Tavarez, Schmalz 1505.03542, 1507.04351;

Cyr-Racine, Sigurdson, Zavala, Bringmann, Vogelsberger 1512.05344; ...; Rubira, Mazoun, MG 2209.03974



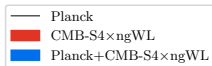
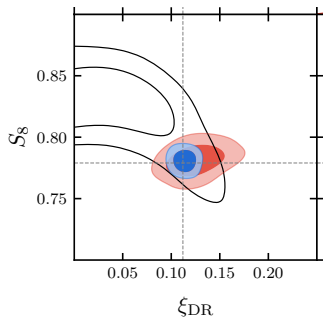
# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM



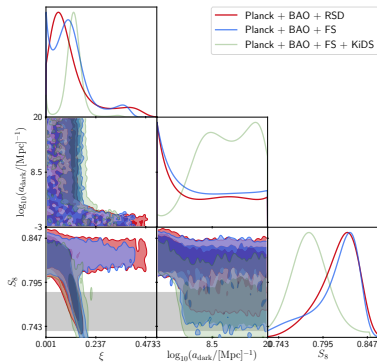
- ▶ Dark sector temperature  $\xi = T_{\text{DR}}/T_{\gamma}$ : scale of suppression
- ▶ DM+DR interaction strength: amount of suppression

*fig. from Mazoun, Bocquet, MG, Mohr, Rubira, Vogt 2312.17622*

# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM



$$\xi = \frac{T_{DR}}{T_\gamma}$$



Forecast for CMBS4-SZ cluster counts + masses via Euclid weak lens  
*Mazoun, Bocquet, MG, Mohr, Rubira, Vogt 2312.17622*



BOSS-DR12 (1-loop EFT CLASS-PT)  
*Rubira, Mazoun, MG 2209.03974*

cf. also Euclid weak lensing shear forecast *Euclid coll. 2406.18274*

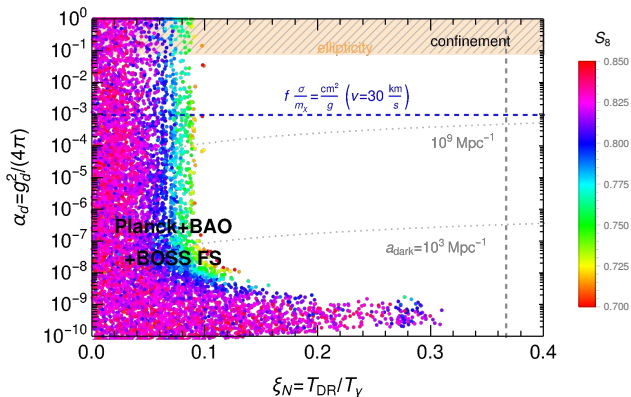
*Simon++, Joseph++*

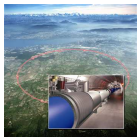
21cm forecast *Plombat, Simon, Flitter, Poulin 2410.01486*

*Chacko++, Rompineve+*

# Dark $SU(N)$ + DM

dark  $SU(N)$ ,  $m_\chi=1000$  GeV,  $N=3$ ,  $f=100\%$

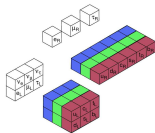
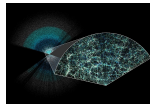




Particle  
HEP/lab



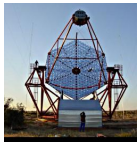
Cosmo  
CMB/LSS



⋮

⋮

+ ?



Astroparticle



Astro  
"small-scale"



DM-SM connection  
Production mechanism?

Dark Sector  
Is DM cold and collisionless?